

Applicant: Blike

Attorney Docket No.: ALLIA.229A

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MAP, CVP and CO indicators in the same manner as vascular resistor objects 58 and 76 of

Figure 4.

Please replace the paragraph [0102] with the following rewritten paragraph:

[0102] In an one embodiment, all of the information of extended heart object 2 is incorporated into the Vascular Circuit Object 52 in Figure 4 and can be displayed. This information could be accessed or suppressed at the desire of the user.

REMARKS

Applicant hereby submits this preliminary amendment amending the priority claim and the specification. Applicant has amended the priority claim in accordance with 35 USC §120. Amendments to the specification were to correct inadvertant mistakes and applicant apologizes for any inconvenience this may have caused. If there are any questions concerning this preliminary amendment, please call the undersigned at the number stated below.

Dated: 4/30/02

Respectfully submitted,

Sohn Wurst

Registration No. 40,283

(858) 410-5174



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VERSION WITH MARKINGS

[0001] This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120 to <u>U.S. Serial No. 09/706,512</u> filed on November 3, 2000 and Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/263,861 filed on <u>January 19, 2000-January 23, 2001</u>.

In the Extendedheart_extended heart object, the RA, RV, LA and LV of the heart can expand or contract to show the filling state of the individual chambers. For example, in Figure 2, the RV 8 and the LV 12 are in a filled state. This is demonstrated by the outward bulging of the individual chambers. If the filling pressures were low, the CVP and PCWP meters would point inwards and the display would show the RV and LV chambers to be scalloped inwards. The shape of the chambers conveys the status of FULL vs EMPTY. Located inbetween the RA 6 and the RV 8 on the far left is a CVP meter 47 which moves in conjunction with the filling state of the RV 8. For example, if the RV is overfilled, the CVP meter 47 moves from the twelve o'clock position toward the eleven o'clock position or beyond. If the RV is under filled (not shown), the CVP meter moves from the twelve o'clock position to the one o'clock position or beyond. At the bottom of the LV chamber is the PCWP meter 48 which, like the CVP meter 47, moves according to the filling state of the LV 12.

In the middle of the Extendedheart-extended heart object 4 is a bold vertical line representing the septum 34. In the middle of the septum 34 is an oval shaped object 36 which represents the Atrio-ventricular node (AV-Node) and is intersected by the ventricular bundle (bundle of His 22). To the left of the septum 34 in the RV 8 is an elongated, rectangular shaded box 38 which represents the compliance state of the right ventricle. A reference box depicting the normal width is the same as the shaded box and therefore not visible. To the right of the septum 34 in the LV 12 are two vertically oriented rectangular, shaded boxes 40A and 40B, which illustrates non-compliant left ventricle because the shaded area extends beyond the reference box width that conveys the normal compliance state. Greater than normal compliance would be shown as a shaded area narrower than the reference box. Typically the reference box would be

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shown in a different color, such as purple, that would make it easy to see the patient state relative to the normal. As noted, to the left of the septum 34 is an another elongated, rectangular shaded box 38 and this represents a normal right ventricle. The RV and LV can be represented as being of normal, increased or decreased compliance.

Below LV 12 and extending from the Extendedheart_extended heart object 4 is an example of stenosis of the aortic valve 44. The one arrow extending from the aortic valve 44 shows obstructed blood flow. Separating the aortic valve 44 and the LV 12 are two, side-by-side, bolded, horizontally oriented rectangles 46A and 46B which represent a thickened aortic valve. Thickening of any valve would be shown in the same manner. The Extendedheart extended heart object 4 of the present invention mimics the human heart and displays information in an intuitive manner to physicians or other medical personnel allowing for the display of a large quantity of information in a simplified manner.

Referring now to Figure 3, the process of updating the Extendedheart_extended heart object begins when a start signal is transmitted by the user at start state 5. The start signal can be a keystroke or a mouse command that initiates the software to begin collecting data. After receiving the start command at state 5, the process moves to a state 7 where the stroke volume ("SV") is read. The stroke volume can be read from a table or a buffer in the computer system. After the SV is read, the process moves to a state 9 where the heart rate ("HR") is read.

[0099] An alternative embodiment of the vascular circuit is shown in Figure 5. In this embodiment, the Extendedheart_extended heart object is omitted. In its place is an abbreviated heart object showing only the right ventricle ("RV") object 86. Blood flow is indicated by an arrow between the cell/tissue object 84 and RV object 86. In this embodiment, the chambers of the heart are split with the LV 96 downstream. Blood flow leaves RV 86 and enters into a pulmonary vascular resistor object 88 which functions in the same manner as vascular resistor object 58 of Figure 4. Vascular resistor object 88 is used to display the blood flow equivalent to Ohm's law and the data is visually displayed in the form of object 58 as a "pipe" shaped object wherein blood flow is from right to left. The area inside the pipe can be darkened to represent the



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represent the inflow of blood into the pipe and to aid visually. Both vascular resistance objects of Figure 5 can have a MAP, CVP and CO indicators in the same manner as vascular resistor objects 58 and 76 of Figure 4.

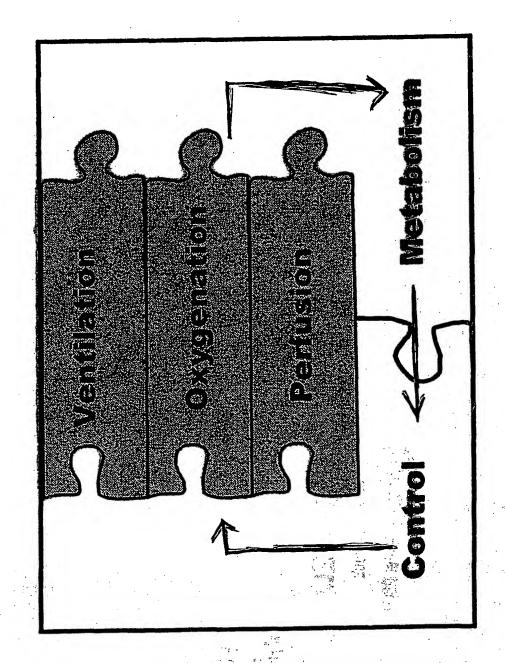
[0102] In an one embodiment, all of the information of Extendedheart_extended heart object 2 is incorporated into the Vascular Circuit Object 52 in Figure 4 and can be displayed. This information could be accessed or suppressed at the desire of the user.

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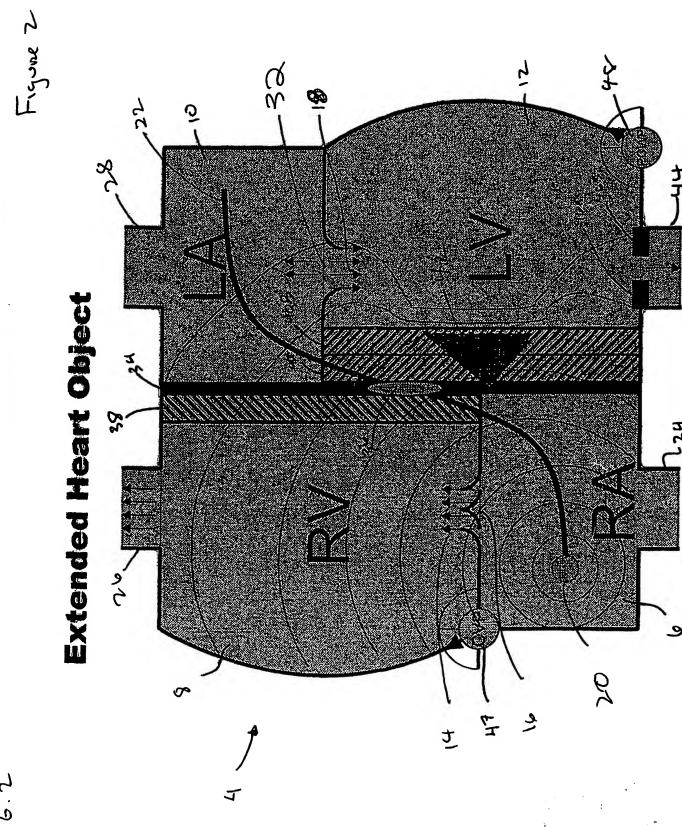
W/ Red Markings

Figure 2

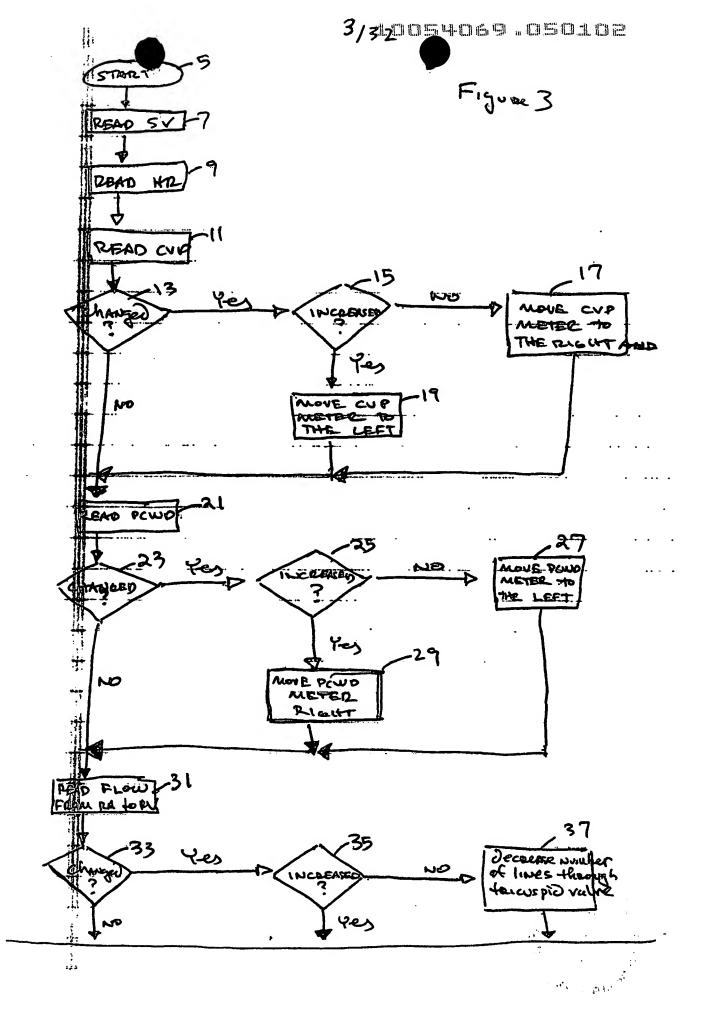


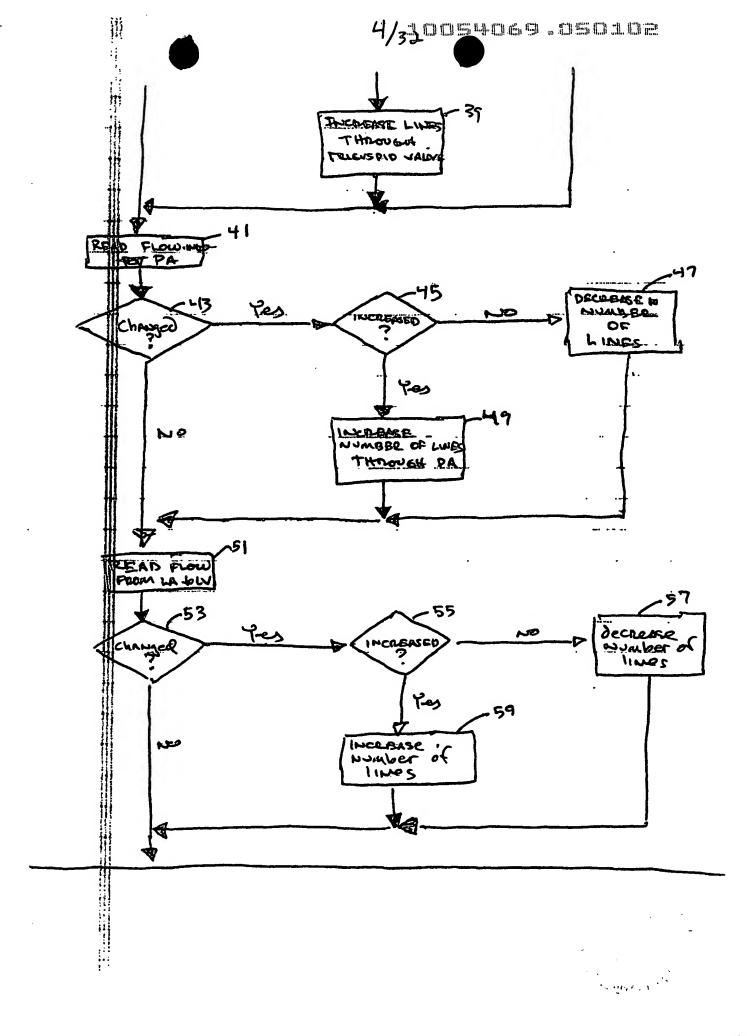
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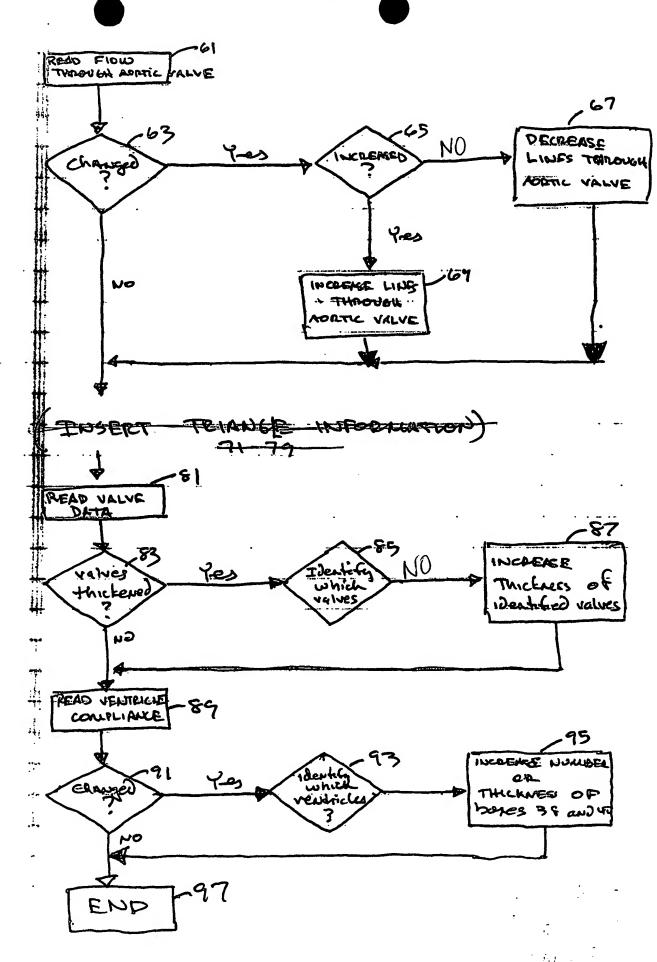
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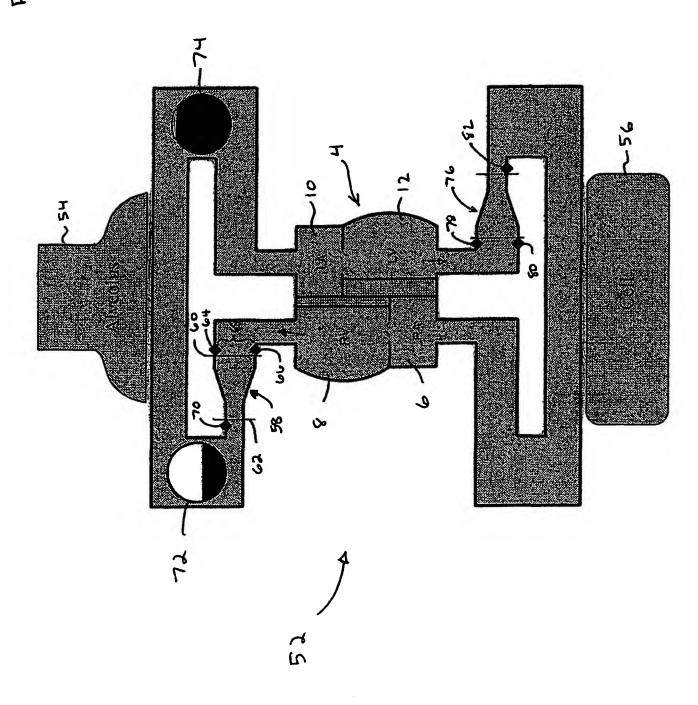
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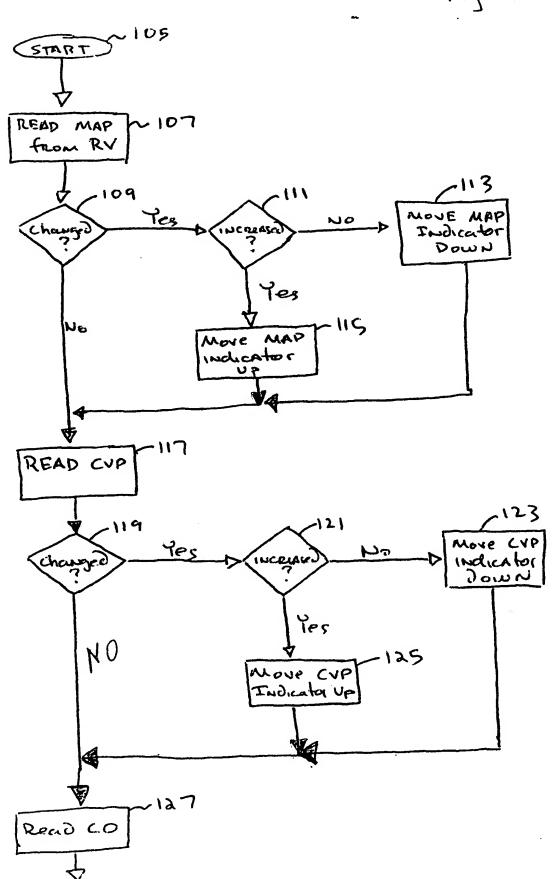


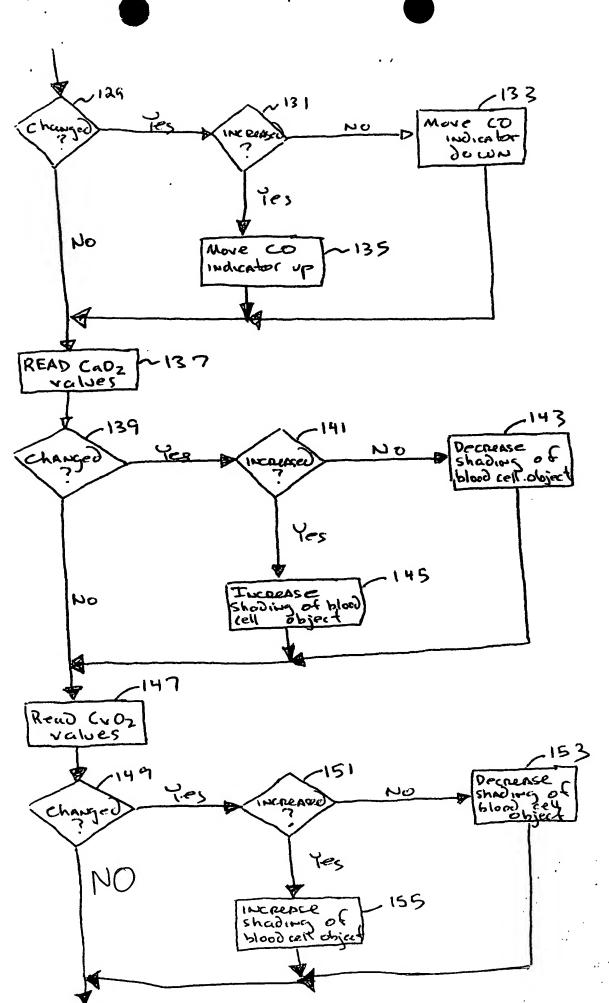
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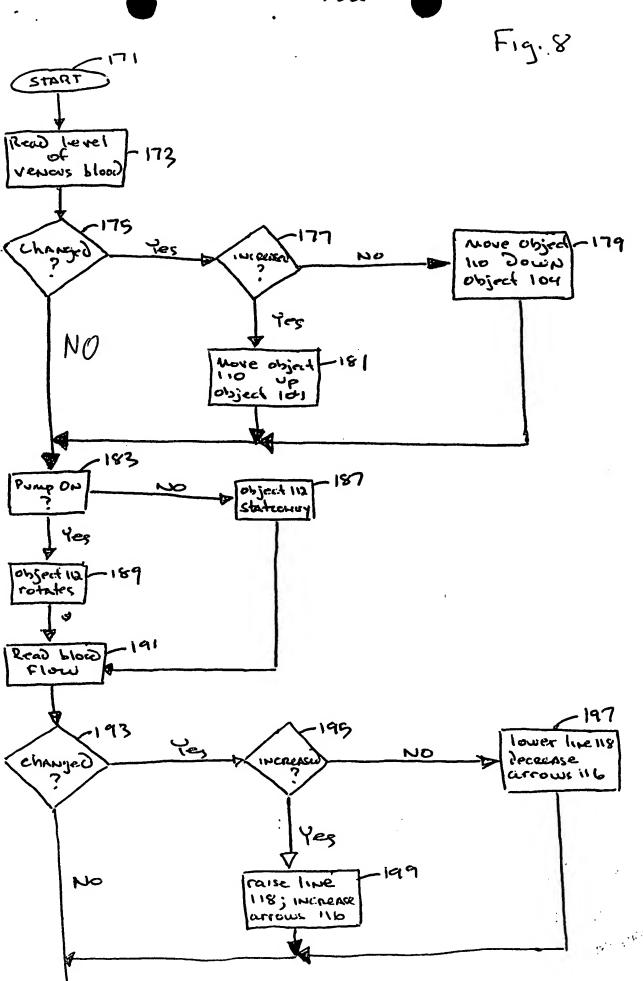
Vascular Circuit (split RV and LV version)

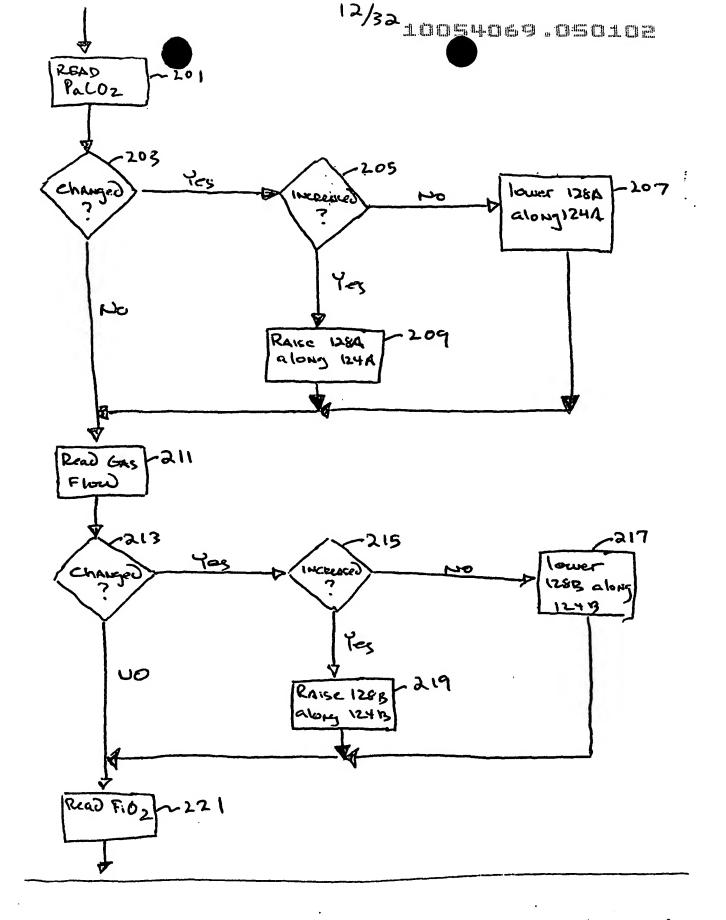
F15.5

Fig. 6









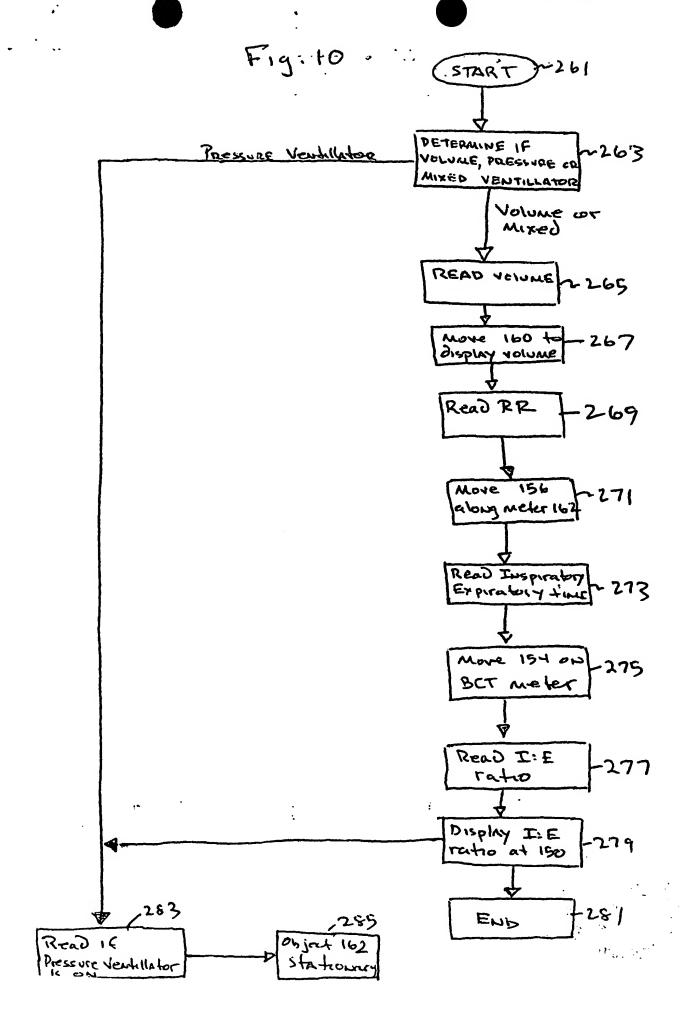
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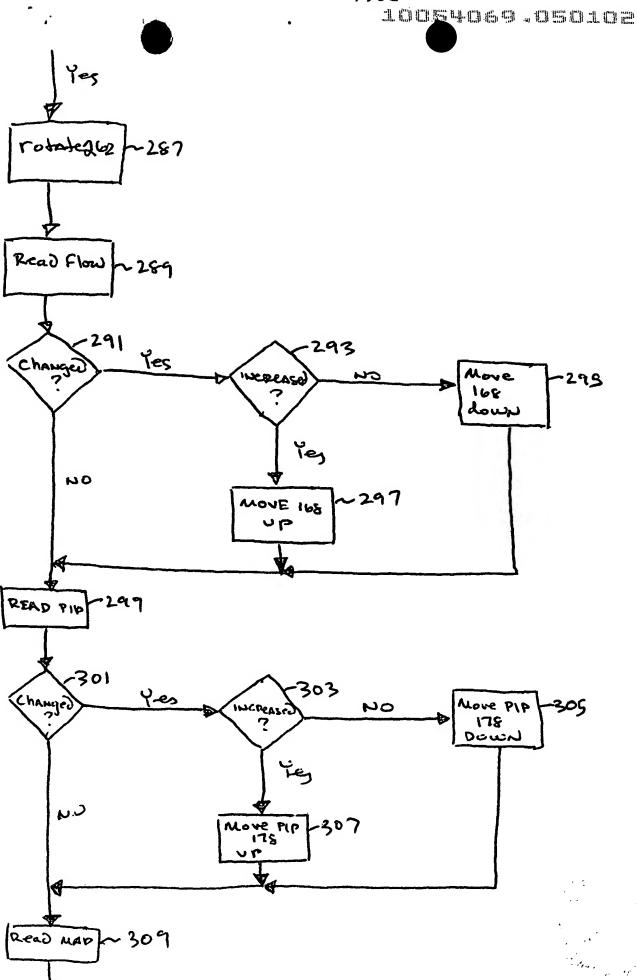
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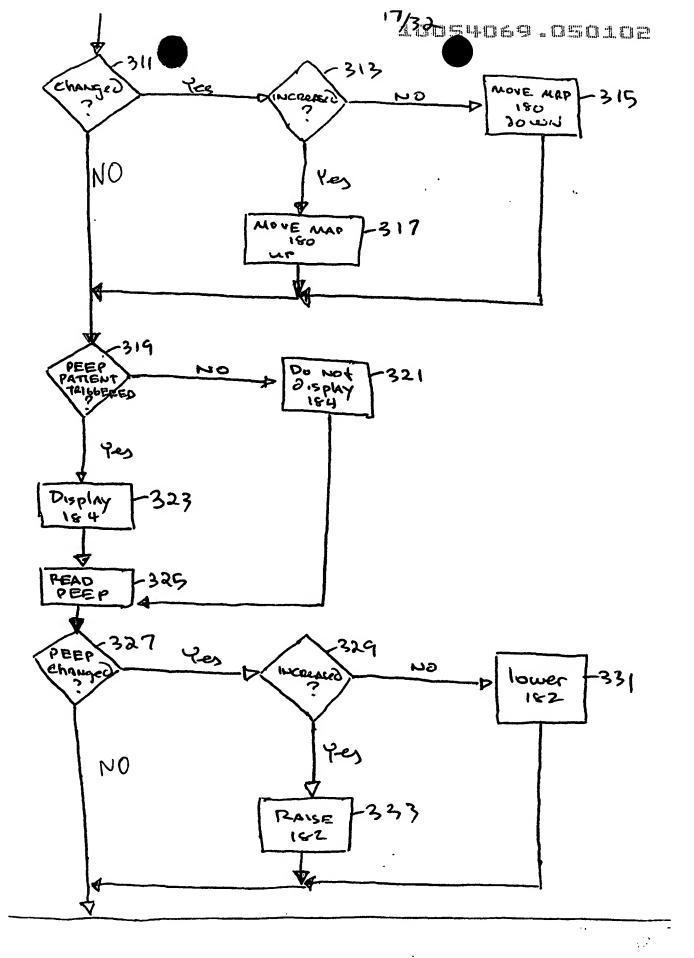
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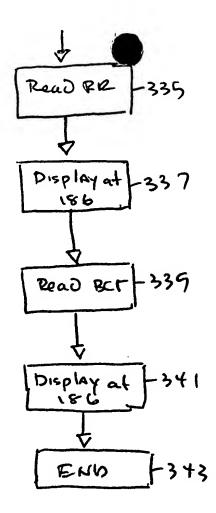
Ventilator State Representation

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Fig. 11

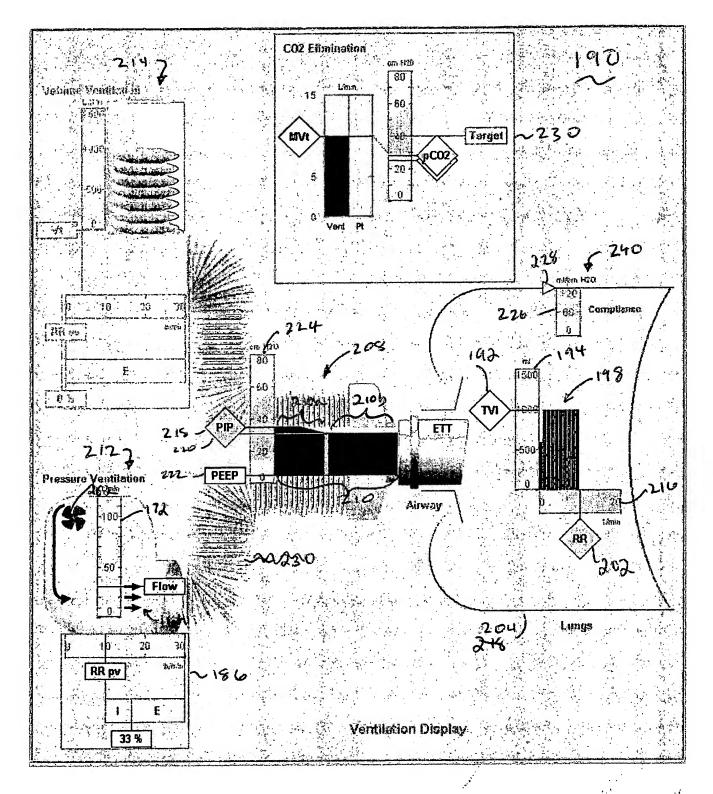
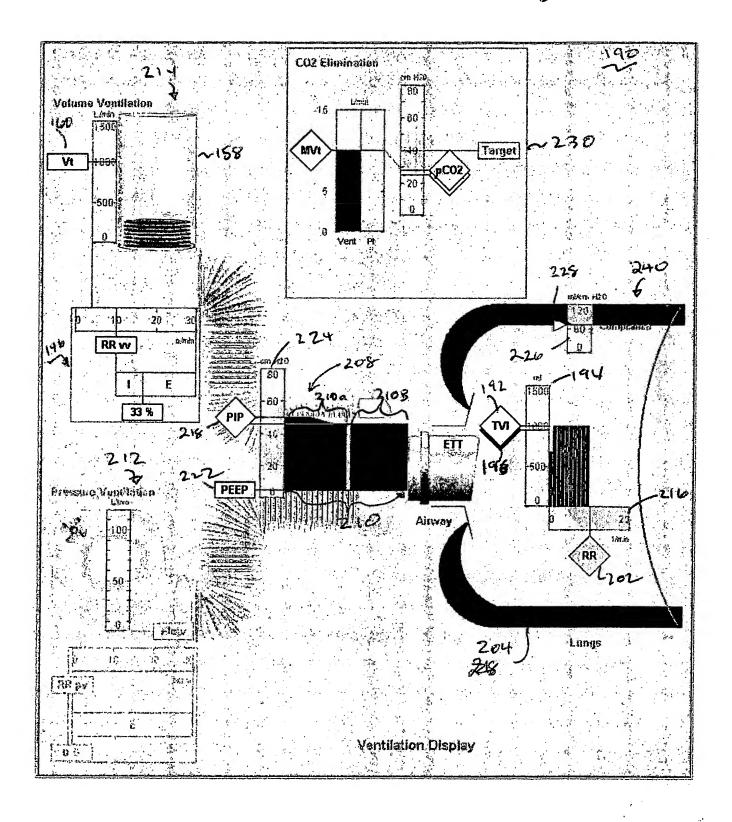
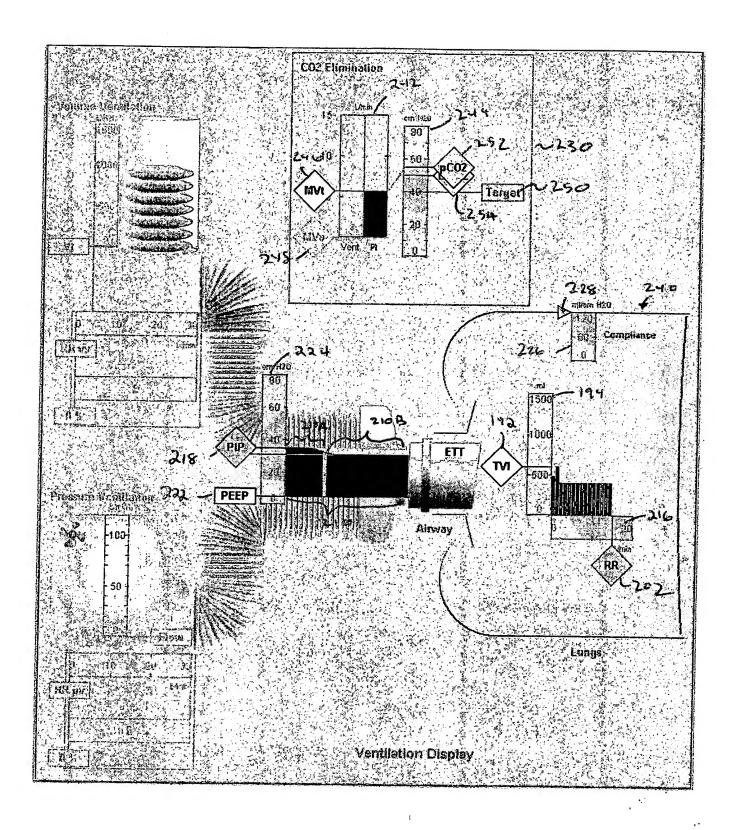
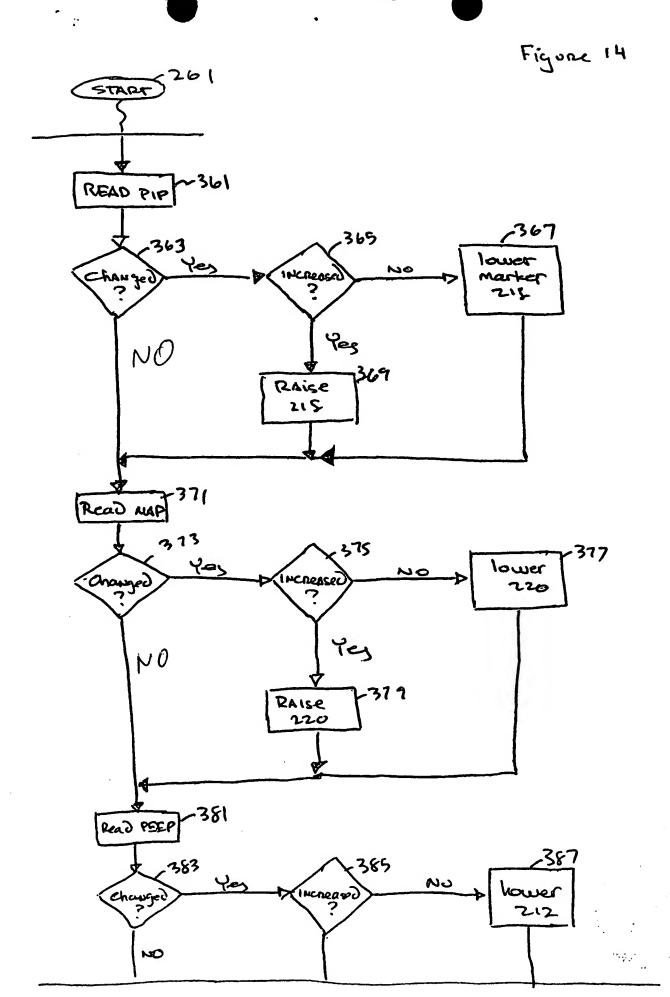
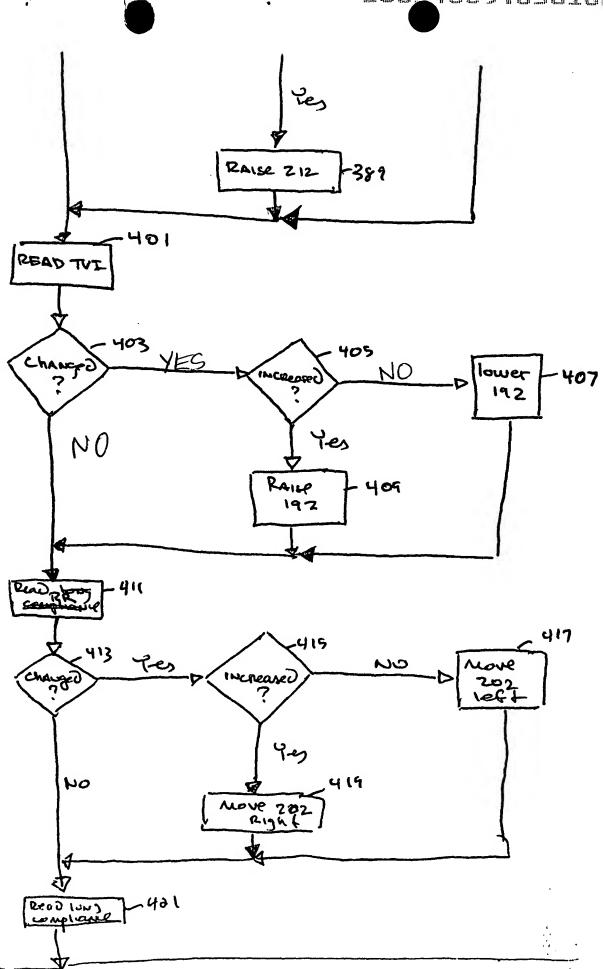


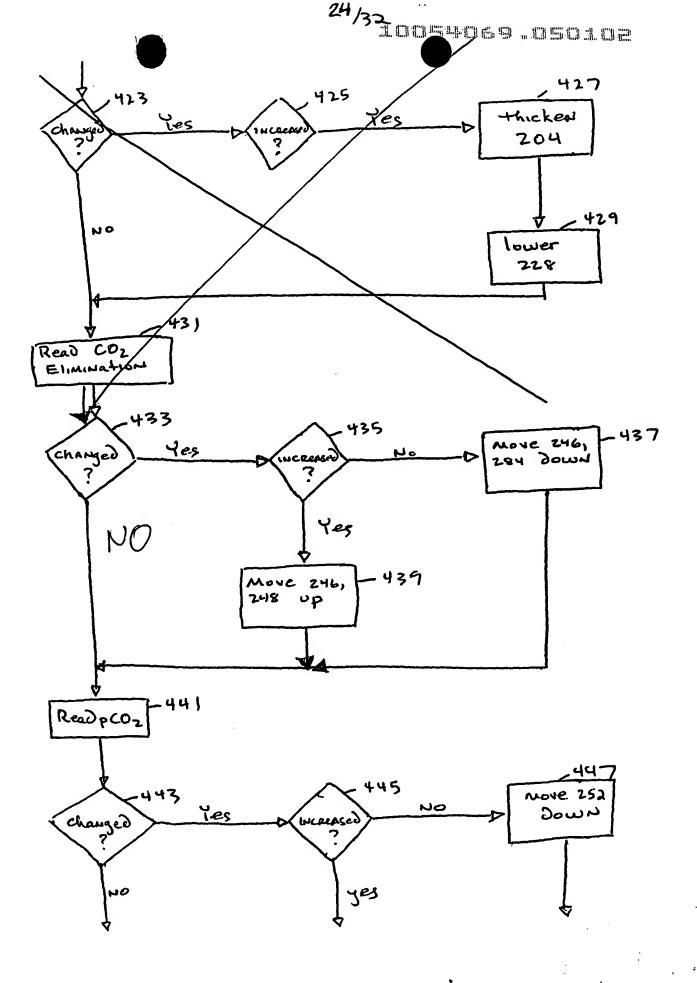
Fig. 12



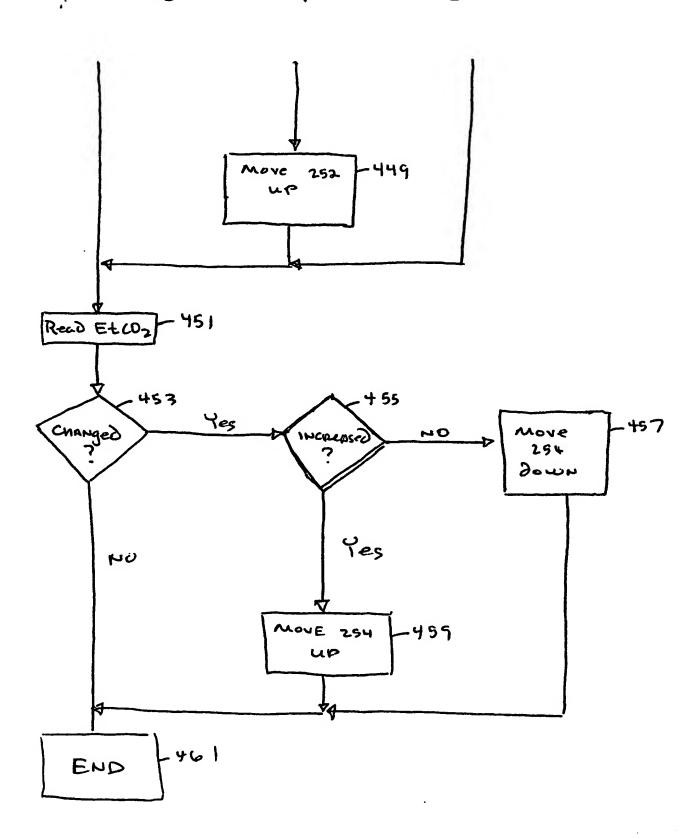








John Marie



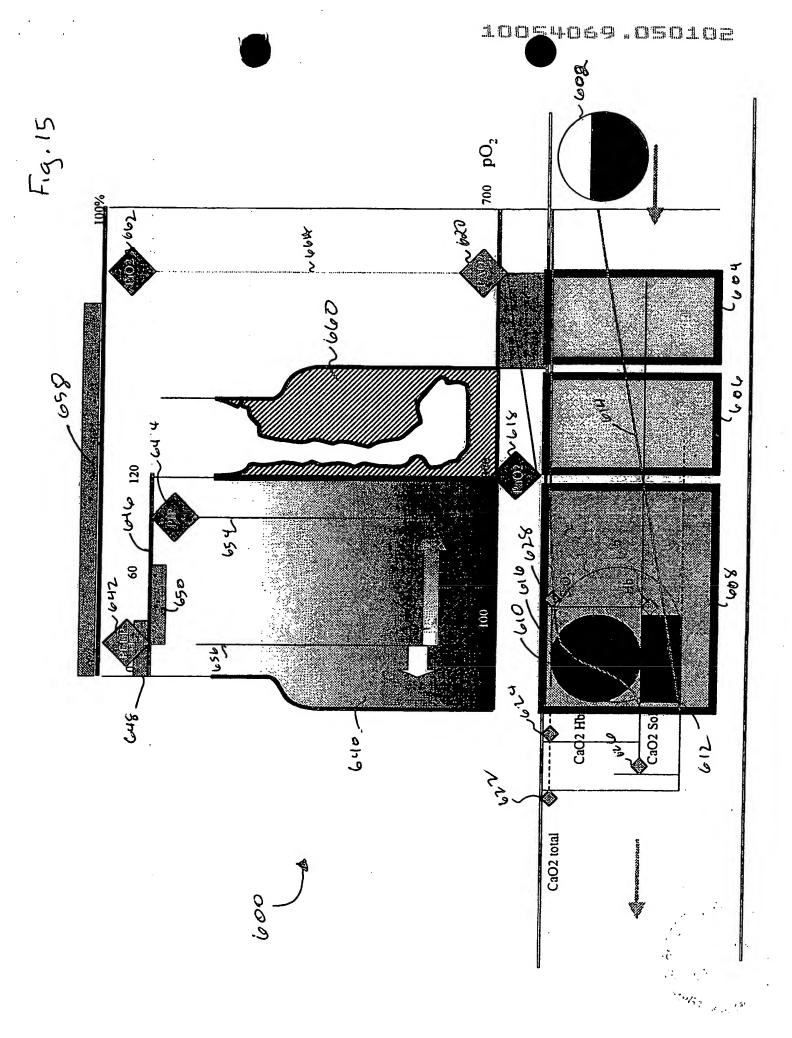
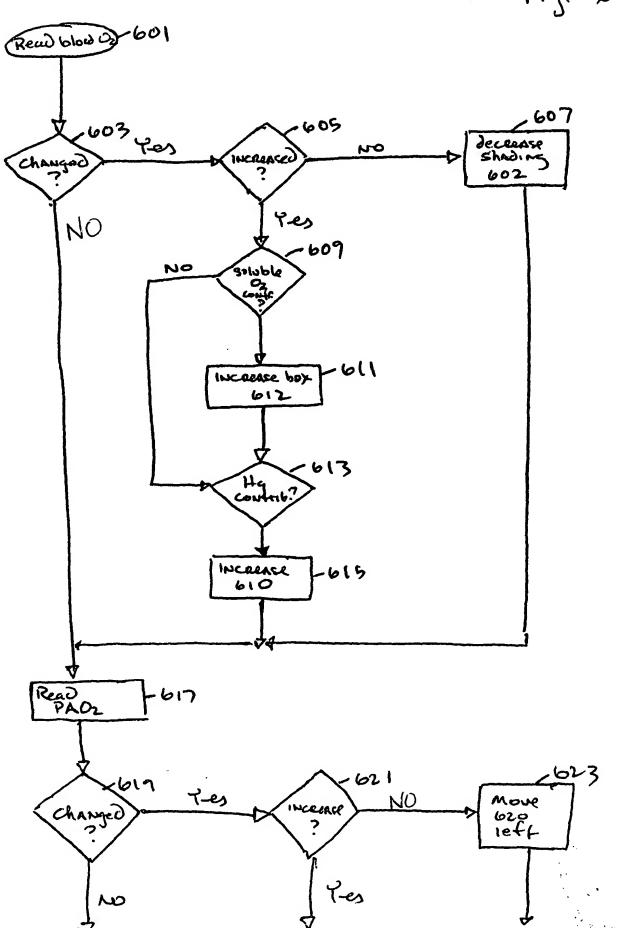
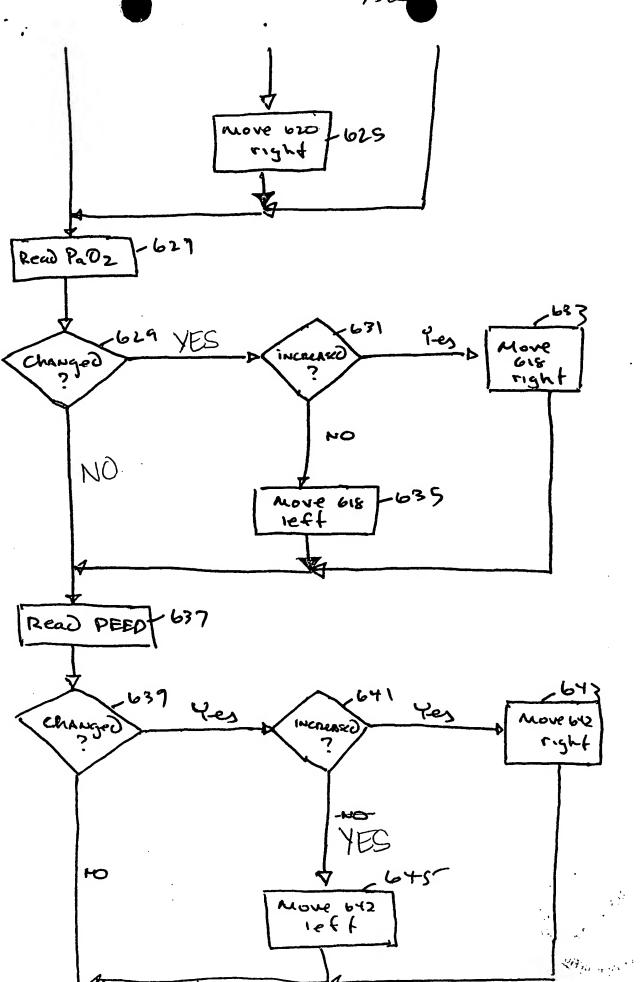
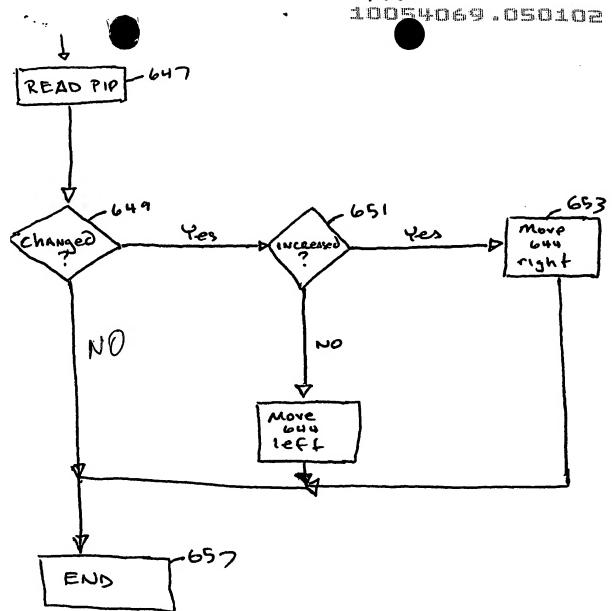
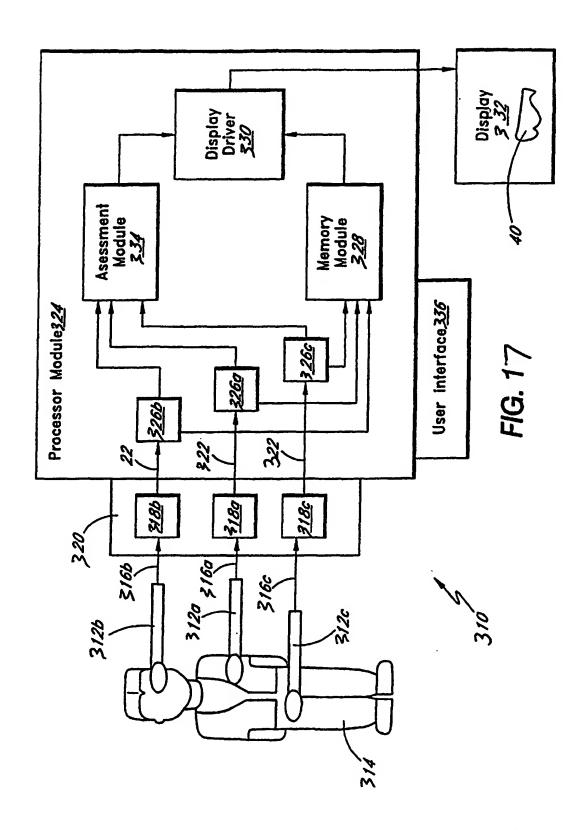


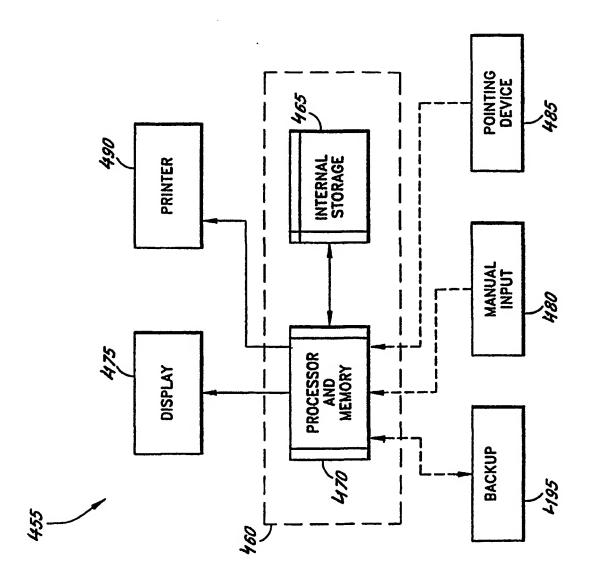
Fig. 16











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